THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) As per available information 8,230 Pakistani citizens were reportedly illegally staying in India as on 30.4.2005.

(b) and (c) The power under Section 3 (2) (c) of the Foreigners Act, 1946 to detect and deport foreign nationals including Pakistanis staying in India illegally has been delegated to the State Governments/Union Territory Administrations. Besides, instructions have been issued to State Governments/Union Territory Administrations from time to time to launch special drives to detect and deport foreigners staying illegally in the country. Deportation of illegally staying Pakistan nationals is a continuous process and as per readily available information, 820 Pak nationals were deported from January 1,2000 till April, 2005.

Activities of Mao extremists in Bihar

1034. SHRI MOTIUR RAHMAN:
MAULAN AOBAIDULLAH KHAN AZMI:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the areas in Bihar where Mao extremists are active;

(b) the details of the criminal acts committed by such extremists in Madhuban and Bairgania in recent past; and

(c) what steps are being taken to tackle the menace and to provide security to the inhabitants of extremists-affected areas?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) Available reports indicate that certain areas in Aurangabad, Gaya, Jehanabad, Rohtas, Nalanda, Patna, Bhojpur, East Champaran, Sitamarhi, Arwal, Nawada, Jamui, West Champaran and Kaimur districts of Bihar are affected by naxalite extremism in varying degrees.

(b) CPI (Maoist) extremists on June 23,2005 attacked several locations in Madhuban, district East Champaran. Subsequently, on June 26, 2005 the police arrested some CPI (Maoist) cadres involved in this incident, after an encounter near village Piprahi Sultan, PS Bairgania, district Sitamarhi.

(c) The steps taken by the Government *inter alia* include (a) modernization and strengthening of the State Police forces, (b) long term deployment of Para Military forces for intensified intelligence based wellcoordinated anti-naxalite operations, (c) focused attention on intergrated development of the affected areas and (d) removal of socio-cultural alienation of people, gearing up of public grievances redressal system and creation of Local Resistance Groups.

Besides, SSB deployment in Bihar on Indo-Nepal border has been strengthened to prevent the ingress of CPN (Maoist) activities in the State. The Government of Bihar has been advised to strengthen and fortify police stations which are prone to naxalite attacks.

Amendments in FCRA, 1976

1035.SHRI DATTA MEGHE: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the massive diversion of foreign funds by Non-Government Organisations(NGOs);

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether Government propose to suitably amend the Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act, 1976, to make it difficult for NGOs to use funds for purpose other than the specified purpose;

(d) if so, the salient features thereof; and

(e) when such amendments are likely to be made in the Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SRIPRAKASH JAISWAL): (a) and (b) No instances of massive diversion of funds have come to the notice of Government. However, the Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act, 1976 empowers the Central Government to take action against foreign contribution recipient organizations, which are found contravening the provisions of the Act,